## Central Administrative Tribunal Principal Bench New Delhi

## OA No.2089/2003

Order Reserved on: 01.08.2018 Pronounced on: 14.08.2018

# Hon'ble Mr. Justice L. Narasimha Reddy, Chairman Hon'ble Mr. K. N. Shrivastava, Member (A)

M. B. Usgaonkar, H-36/9, D.L.F. Qutab Enclave Phase-I, Gurgaon, Haryana.

... Applicant

(By Shri Vikas Tiwari and Shri Yatindra, Advocates)

#### Versus

- Union of India through
   Secretary, Department of Personnel & Training,
   Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions,
   North Block,
   New Delhi-110001.
- 2. Union of India through
  Secretary, Ministry of Defence,
  South Block,
  New Delhi-110001. ...

... Respondents

(By Shri Hanu Bhaskar, Advocate)

### ORDER

## Justice L. Narasimha Reddy, Chairman:

This is the third round of litigation instituted by the applicant in the context of claiming his retirement benefits. He belongs to the Central Civil Service. He held various senior positions in the Ministry of Defence. While holding the post of

Member (Finance) in the Special Surplus Stores Disposal Committee (for short, SSSDC), he retired on 10.04.1993 on attaining the age of superannuation. His last drawn pay was Rs.5,700/- in the scale of Rs.4,500-5,700. Thereafter, he was reemployed on 26.04.1993 as Member (Finance), SSSDC. That appointment also came to an end.

- 2. The applicant undertook correspondence with the respondents in the context of extension of retirement benefits, as well as the one on account of notional promotion. When he did not get adequate response, he filed OA No.874/1994, claiming various reliefs. One of them was in respect of half pay leave. The OA was disposed of with certain directions. The applicant got some relief from the respondents. However, his request for cash equivalent to the half pay leave, which, according to him, works out to Rs.48,388/-, was not released to him. Hence, he filed this OA.
- 3. On an earlier occasion, this OA was dismissed on the ground that the relief claimed is barred by constructive *res judicata*. The applicant filed writ petition, WP(C) No.576/2005 in the High Court of Delhi. The writ petition was allowed

through order dated 18.01.2018, and the matter was remanded to the Tribunal.

- 4. We heard Shri Vikas Tiwari, learned counsel for the applicant, and Shri Hanu Bhaskar, learned counsel for the respondents.
- 5. The only relief claimed in this OA is the one relating to half pay leave. The service rules governing the service of the applicant provide for half pay leave. If an employee has not utilized those half pay leaves, he will be entitled to be paid cash equivalent, subject to certain limit. In the case of the applicant, the half pay leave was denied by placing reliance upon certain clauses of rule 39 of the CCS Leave Rules, which deals with the cases of re-employment. It appears that the respondents proceeded on the assumption that the entitlement of leave encashment of the applicant got totally merged in the reemployment, and it is only in respect of the service on reemployment that anything can be worked out, and viewed in that context, nothing existed. As a matter of fact, this was the line of defence pleaded in the counter affidavit.
- 6. The approach adopted by the respondents cannot be countenanced. There was absolutely no continuity of service

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on the basis of re-employment, and the question of the earned half pay leave of the applicant getting diminished or merged, does not arise.

- 7. Though objection is raised as to the limitation and the one of constructive *res judicata*, we do not intend to deal with them at this stage, particularly when the case itself was remanded by the High Court by setting aside the order passed earlier by invoking those principles.
- 8. OA is accordingly allowed, and the respondents are directed to work out cash equivalent of the half pay leave that existed to the credit of the applicant for the services rendered by him till he retired on attaining the age of superannuation, within three months from the date of receipt of this order. If the amount is paid within that period, it would not carry any interest. If it is not paid within that period, it would carry an interest at the rate of 6% from the date on which it became payable till the date of actual payment. There shall be no order to costs.

(K. N. Shrivastava) Member (A) ( Justice L. Narasimha Reddy ) Chairman

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