

IN THE CENTRAL ADMINISTRATIVE TRIBUNAL

ERNAKULAM BENCH

O. A. No. 235 of 1993.

DATE OF DECISION 17-2-1993

Mr S Yesodharan Applicant (s)

Mr R Rajasekharan Pillai Advocate for the Applicant (s)

Versus

The Director General, ICAR, Respondent (s)
New Delhi & 2 others

Mr Kunjikulaya Advocate for the Respondent (s)

CORAM :

The Hon'ble Mr. AV HARIDASAN, JUDICIAL MEMBER

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

1. Whether Reporters of local papers may be allowed to see the Judgement?
2. To be referred to the Reporter or not?
3. Whether their Lordships wish to see the fair copy of the Judgement?
4. To be circulated to all Benches of the Tribunal?

JUDGEMENT

The applicant whose father died while he was an infant of 2 years was being looked after by his elder sister Smt Saraswathy who was serving under the third respondent as a supporting staff. Smt Saraswathy was looking after the applicant as well as her mother. Unfortunately Smt Saraswathy passed away on 7.1.1989 as a result of a snake bite. Pointing out that the family consisting of the mother and the applicant was driven to indigence and praying for employment assistance to the applicant on compassionate grounds the applicant's mother submitted a representation to the third respondent. In reply to this representation a performa for submitting application was issued with a direction to fill it up

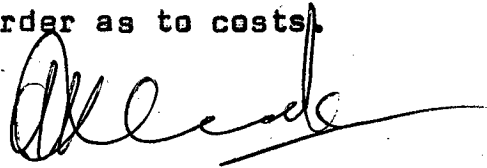
..2...

to
and/re-submit along with the certificate showing the annual income of the family. This was done by the applicant and his mother. After more than a year, the applicant's mother was asked by letter dated 23.12.1991 of the third respondent to furnish a certificate from the Revenue Authorities to the effect that the applicant was solely dependent on the deceased Smt Saraswathy. This requirement was also complied with by the applicant on 16.1.1992 immediately producing a certificate from the Tehsildar Karthigappally dated 15.1.1992 to the effect that the applicant was a dependent on his sister late Saraswathy. Though the certificate was submitted as early as in the month of January 1992, the applicant has not so far received any communication regarding his request for compassionate appointment. It is ^{under} these circumstances that the applicant has filed this application praying that the respondents may be directed to consider the case of the applicant for compassionate appointment immediately.

2. When the application came up for admission on 10.2.1993, the learned counsel appearing for the respondents undertook to ascertain from the respondents as to whether a decision had been taken on the representation submitted by the applicant's mother claiming compassionate appointment to her son, the applicant. But even today the learned counsel is not in a position to submit or not. to state as to whether a decision has been taken on the matter/. However, as the scheme for compassionate appointment itself is envisaged for redeeming the family of person dying in harness from extreme poverty the necessity of taking prompt decision in matters of this sort cannot be over emphasized. The learned

counsel on either side submitted that the ends of justice will be met if the application is disposed of at the stage of admission itself with appropriate direction to the respondents regarding early disposal of the application for compassionate appointment.

3. In view of the above submission by the counsel on either side, I admit the application and dispose it of with a direction to the second respondent to consider the application submitted on behalf of the applicant for compassionate appointment in accordance with law, taking into account the financial position of the family reflected in the certificate of the Revenue officials and such other relevant matters as they are able to gather, within a period of one month from the date of receipt of a copy of this order. A decision on the application should actually be communicated to the applicant within the aforesaid period of one month. There is no order as to costs.



(AV HARIDASAN)
JUDICIAL MEMBER
17-2-1993

tre