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CENTRAL ADMINISTRATIVE TRIBUNAL

ALLAHABAD BENCH

Original Application No. 1259 of 1993

Allahabad this the 28th day of Aug 1995

Hon'ble Dr. R.K. Saxena, Member(J)

Suresh Yadava S/o Late Sri Baitali Ram, R/o
Village and Post Bilari, Pargana Kaudiya, Tehsil
Phoolpur, District Azamgarh.

APPLICANT

BY Advocate Shri R.P. Srivastava.

Versus

1. Union of India.
2. The General Manager, Central Railway, Bombay.
3. The Divisional Railway, Manager, Central
Railway, Jabalpur (M.P.)

RESPONDENTS

By Advocate Shri G.P. Agrawal,

O R D E R

By Hon'ble Dr. R.K. Saxena, Member (J)

Shri Suresh Yadava-the applicant has
approached the Tribunal to challenge the communica-
tion dated 03.2.1993 (Annexure-1) rejecting the
claim for appointment on compassionate ground.

2. The brief facts of the case are that
Late Shri Baitali Ram was in the service of the
Central Railways since. He had no issue, He had

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adopted the applicant in the year 1976 but, no deed was written at that time. In order to avoid any controversy about oral adoption, it was written on general stamp of Rs.10/- on 06.4.1983 in the presence of the real father of the applicant and witnesses. An affidavit which was sworn on 06.4.1984 was also given to the Divisional Manager, Central Railway, Jabalpur. Baitali Ram died on 23.6.1991 in village Bilari of District Azamgarh. At the time of his death, he was serving as Chowkidar under the Divisional Railway Manager, Jabalpur. An application was given on 25.7.1991 seeking appointment on compassionate ground but, nothing was done. The widow of Late Baitali Ram also moved another application on 31.1.1992. In response to this letter written by the widow of Shri Baitali Ram, the respondent no.3 informed through the impugned order that the appointment was not possible because there was no legal and registered adoption-deed of the applicant. Hence, this O.A. has been filed with the relief that the impugned order dated 03.2.1993 be quashed and the respondents be directed to appoint the applicant on compassionate ground.

3. The respondents contested the case on the ground that the applicant was not a legally adopted son of Late Baitali Ram, that the documents which were filed in support of the adoption, were not legal because the so called adoption deed was

not registered one, and that the process of legal adoption was not completed. It is also contended that the widow of the deceased Baitali Ram did not inform^{ed} the department about the applicant being an adopted son in the settlement form which was filled in after the death of the deceased employee² namely Late Baitali Ram. The only heir² was shown^{was} Smt. Shyam Pyari who was a married daughter. Besides, it is also contended that the name of the father of the applicant as appears from the certificates of High School, Intermediate, --- B.A. and other documents which have been brought on record, was Shri Ram Milan Yadav. It is, therefore, contended that if, Baitali Ram had been the adoptive father then, there was no occasion to mention Ram Milan Yadav as the father of the applicant in the said documents. The case of the respondents is also based on the fact that Smt. Shanti Bai, widow of Late Baitali Ram is receiving pension and also received retiral benefits to the tune of Rs.91,190/- and thus, she is not an indigent person.

4. The applicant filed rejoinder, reiterating the grounds taken in the O.A. It was also pleaded that the adoption of the applicant as son of Late Baitali Ram was declared valid and legal by the Civil Court in Suit No. 513 of 1994 Suresh Vs. Ram Milan and Others decided on 04.8.1994. The photocopy of the Judgment of the Munsif has been brought on record.

5. I have heard the learned counsel for the

parties and have perused the record.

6. The main question for consideration in the matter is if, the applicant is the adopted son of Late Baitali Ram. In support of this contention of the applicant, copy of the Judgment of Civil Court has been brought on record but, it may be remembered that this fact was not disclosed anywhere in the O.A. What has been brought on record at the time of filing of the O.A., are the copies of marksheet of High School, Intermediate and B.A.IIIrd year. The marksheets of High School and Intermediate do not show the name of the father of the student but, marksheet of B.A.IIIrd year which relates to the examination held in the year 1992, gives the father's name of the applicant as Ram Milan Yadav. Not only this, the certificate that the applicant belong to backward class, was issued by Tehsildar on 06.7.1989 in which the applicant was shown as the son of Shri Ram Milan Yadav. It is not understandable as to why the father's name was shown as Ram Milan Yadav in these documents which were prepared in subsequent ^{years} ~~orders~~ to the ^{to have taken place} year 1976 when oral adoption is alleged. Once a child is adopted, he becomes the son of his adoptive father. Thus, these documents do not support the case of the applicant, rather his contention is denied. The respondents have brought on record the certificates of High School in which Shri Suresh Yadav S/o Shri Ram Milan Yadav was shown to have passed High School

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examination in 1987. Smt. Shanti Bai, the widow of Late Baitali Ram had filled in the form after the death of his husband and in this form also the name of the applicant has not been shown although there was a column if, the deceased employee had any son or daughter. The name of Smt. Shyam Pyari as married daughter of Late Baitali Ram had been shown. Thus, these documents, as are discussed above, do not support the case of the applicant.

7. The learned counsel for the applicant has also placed reliance on the so called adoption deed which was prepared on 06.4.1983 on general stamp of Rs.10/- and the affidavit which was given to the ^{D.R.M. &} ~~District Magistrate~~ on 06.4.1984. The question arises whether ~~the~~ documents do establish the fact that the applicant was adopted son of Late Baitali Ram. The learned counsel for the respondents strenuously argued that the so-called adoption deed cannot be relied upon for the simple reason that in U.P., Section 16 of the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956 was amended whereby the adoption made on or after the first day of January, 1977, it was made mandatory that the adoption deed must be registered one. There is no denial to this fact even to the learned counsel for the applicant but, what has been contended that ^{is it} ~~is~~ even if, a deed is not registered one, ^{or} the factum of adoption cannot be denied. He also relied on the Judgment of Civil Court by which the applicant was declared

as ^{an} adopted son of Late Baitali Ram. Since, I am not sitting in appeal against the Judgment of Civil Court, I would not like to comment upon the Judgment. It is, however, clear that by U.P. amendment, adoption deed can be taken in proof of the adoption only when it is registered one. This amendment in the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956 was made by the U.P. Civil Laws (Reforms and Amendment) Act, 1976. As such if, the respondents did not take the so called adoption deed into consideration or they held the view that the adoption was not legal, the conclusion cannot be said to be illegal or invalid. In order to get appointment on compassionate ground, it must be established that the deceased employee had left behind widow or any heir and the dependent or the heir were ⁱⁿ indigent conditions. From the facts as are discussed above, I am of the view that the applicant is not successful in establishing the fact that he is the adopted son of deceased Baitali Ram. Therefore, the impugned order cannot be challenge on this ground.

8. So far as the financial position of the widow is concerned, it has been averred on behalf of the respondents that Smt. Shanti Bai was getting pension of Rs.477+ relief at the rate of 97% of the amount of pension and she also got an amount of Rs.91.190.00 as retiral benefits of her husband. These facts could not be controverted but, at the same time it has been argued that the pension and the amount which was received by Smt. Shanti Bai